



### TER-MOD Active Room Temperature Sensors (Controllers) with Modbus

The TER-MOD active sensors are designed to detect temperature in the room spaces and have built-in RS485 Modbus communication interface. The TER-MOD sensors have linear 0..10V signals outputs relating to temperature and optional light level.

The TER-MOD include a built-in resistive and a digital input for integrating local measurements such as window contacts or external temperature sensors. The sensor has also two built-in digital outputs.

The TER -MOD sensors can be installed on a wall surface or on a wall mounting box in dry indoor environment. The TER-MOD sensors come with a number of additional options such as display, active setpoint, extra digital/resistive input, occupancy detection, lux level measurement and push button.

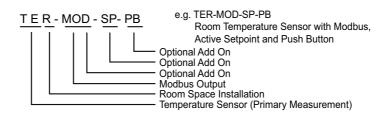
The TER-MOD sensors can also operate as temperature and light level controllers. The optional display can be used for local indication and alarming.



Model Type	Model	Description
	TER-MOD	TER Active Room Temperature Sensor with Modbus Communications, 1 DI, 1RI, 3AO (010Vdc), 2DO
	-LCD	Display and Alarm Indication Option
	-SP	Active Setpoint Option (Over Modbus)
	-SPB	Active Setpoint Push Button Option See Note 3
	-LL	Light Level and Occupancy Detection Option See Note 1
	-PB	Push Button Interface Option with Timer
	-PB2	2 Momentary Push Buttons with Timer
	-DI2	Digital Input Option for 2 Digital Inputs
	-RI2	Resistive Input Option for 2 Resistive Inputs See Note 2
Accessories	Model	Description
	SW-DCT-USB	Windows Device Configuration Tool Software with Serial USB Interface, 1.8m USB Lead
	'	Note 1: If -LL Option is selected the Resistive Input 1 measurement is no longer available.
		Note 2: -RI2 Option is not available if -SP option is selected. If both are required please contact SyxthSense for active setpoint options.
		Note 3SPB and -PB/PB2 options cannot be fitted at the same time.

Online store: www.syxthsense.com

#### **Order Codes**

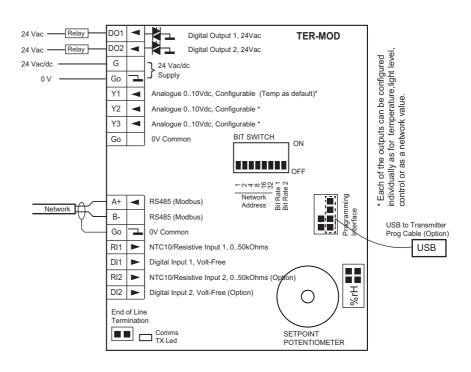


#### **Technical Data**

Power Supply	Power supply	24Vac/dc -10%/+15%, max 1VA
Displays and Interfaces	Option -LCD	LCD Display for Showing Temperature, Light Level and Alarm Condition using Backlight (configurable through the tool or Modbus)
	Option -SP	Setpoint Potentiometer - Knob (network or control; adjustable min/max limits)  Note: If this option is selected RI2 Option (resistive input 2) is no longer available.
	Option -SPB	Setpoint with 2 Push Buttons (network or control; adjustable min/max limits) Note: If this option is selected PB/PB2 options are no longer available. Please also select/order LCD option to visualise the setpoint.
	Option -PB	Push Button with Delay Timer; status available through DO1, DO2 or via Network
	Option -PB2	2 x Push Buttons with Delay Timer; status available through DO1, DO2 or via Network
Signal Outputs	Analogue Outputs	3 x 010Vdc < 5mA; 100k min impedance for 1% accuracy
	Digital Outputs	2 x 24Vac Triacs; 2A maximum; requires 24Vac Power Supply (DO1 & DO2)
	Option -PB (Push Button)	Uses DO1 or DO2; 24Vac Triac
Signal Inputs	Resistive Input	1 x NTC10/Resistive Input, 050kOhms (network value)
	Digital Input	1 x Digital Input, Volt-Free Contact, Impedance <1KOhm Pulse Counting: Max 25Hz, Min Pulse Length 20mA (Volatile)
	Option -RI2	Additional NTC10/Resistive Input, in total 2 x NTC10/Resistive Inputs, 050kOhms (network values; NTC10 default)
	Option -DI2	Additional Digital Input, in total 2 x Digital Inputs, Volt-Free Contacts (network values), Impedance <1KOhm Pulse Counting: Max 25Hz, Min Pulse Length 20mA (Volatile)
Sensing Characteristics	Temperature	
	Range	050°C (32122°F)
	Accuracy	±0.3°C
	Light Level and Occupancy; Option -LL	Note: If this option is selected RI1 (resistive input) is no longer available and need to be left disconnected.
	Range	03,000 Lux
	Occupancy	Infrared Detection (Adjustable Delay)
Communication	Modbus Communications	
	Procotol	Modbus RTU
	Interface	RS485; maximum 63 devices
	Addressing	163 via a bit switch; 1247 via tool / network
	Communication	9k6/19k2/38k4/57k6 Baud; Parity None/Even/Odd, 1 or 2 Stop Bits (baud rate adjustable through bit switch or network)
Connections	Terminal Connections	Solid and Stranded Cable; 55° Angle for Wiring Maximum Size: 0.05 to 1.5mm <sup>2</sup> (EN ISO) / 14 to 30 AWG (UL) Rising Clamp: Size 2.5 x 1.9mm
Environmental Conditions	Operating	
	Temperature	0°C+50°C (32122°F)
	Humidity	095%rh (non-cond.)
	Storage	
	Temperature	-30°C+70°C (-22158°F)
	Humidity	095%rh (non-cond.)

Standards	CE Conformity	CE Directive 2004/108/EY
		EN61000-6-3: 2001 (Generic Emission)
		EN61000-6-1: 2001 (Generic Immunity).
	Degree of Protection	IP20
Housing	Housing Material	ABS Plastics, Self Extinguishing
	Mounting	Wall or Junction Box Mounting, RAL9010 Pure White
	Dimensions	W86 x H120 x D29mm
	Weight	180g

#### **Wiring Terminals**



DO1	Digital Output; 24Vac Triac Switching to 0V; max. 2A (default Push Button status)
DO2	Digital Output; 24Vac Triac Switching to 0V; max. 2A (default Occupancy status)
G	24Vac/dc Power Supply
G0	0V Common
<u>Y1</u>	010Vdc Analogue Output (Function Selectable)
Y2	010Vdc Analogue Output (Function Selectable)
Y3	010Vdc Analogue Output (Function Selectable)
G0	0V Common
A+	RS485 A+ Connection (Modbus)
B-	RS485 B- Connection (Modbus)
G0	0V Common
RI1	NTC10/Resistive Input 050kOhms
DI1	Digital Input; Volt-Free, Max 25Hz, Min Pulse Length 20mS
RI2	NTC10/Resistive Input 050kOhms
DI2	Digital Input; Volt-Free, Max 25Hz, Min Pulse Length 20mS

#### **Wiring Precautions**

Switch off the power before any wiring is carried out. If the sensor has the LCD display fitted, unplug the LCD display and then wire the power supply and analogue outputs, if relevant.

After the wiring has been completed; plug-in the display and power up the sensor.

#### **Digital Input Pulse Counting**

Digital Inputs can be used for pulse counting up to 25Hz, minimum pulse length 20mS. The pulse count is stored in a dedicated register and can be read over the network. It is possible to write to this register to reset the value.

NOTE: The pulse count value is not battery backed, and therefore the network master is required to manage the data synchronisation in case of power failure.

#### NTC10/ Resistive Inputs

The resistive inputs can be configured to operate as NCT10 inputs or Resistive Inputs. As default the inputs are configured as NTC10. The maximum measurement range is -10°C to 100°C (-40°F to 212°F). The configuration is changed via the Configuration Software.

#### Y1/Y2/Y3 Analogue Output Operation (Modes)

The analogue outputs Y1/Y2/Y3 can be configured for the following options.

Output Modes	Description
Network	The output is set by the Modbus network. On the Modbus network the actual value is configured through "Y1, Y2, Y3 Override Values" parameters, respectively.
Temperature Measurement (Default for Y2)	The output represents the temperature measurement. This is scaled over 010V.
Light Measurement (requires -LL option)	The output represents the light level measurement. This is scaled over 010V.
Temperature Control	The output represents the temperature control signal.
Humidity Control	The output represents the humidity control signal.
Light Control (requires -LL option)	The output represents the light level (LUX) control signal.
Potentiometer	Allows the setpoint potentiometer position to be fed to the analogue output as 010V signal.

### DO1/DO2 Digital Output Operation

The DO1 and DO2 triacs can be used for thermostatic control. If OC (Occupancy Sensor) option is fitted and then selected, the DO1/DO2 can also be used to switch output on when occupancy is detected. If the push button option (-PB) is fitted then DO1/DO2 can be set to switch ON when push button is pressed (delayed switch off).

Digital Output Mode Options	Description (Typical Operation)
Network	The DO1/DO2 is switched on over the communication network
Temperature Control Mode (e.g. Low Temperature Limit)	Reverse Mode: The DO1/DO2 is switched ON when the temperature drops below the Temperature Setpoint - Temperature Mode Hysteresis. The output is switched OFF when the temperature exceeds the Setpoint. The control direction is adjustable; reverse (heating) / direct (cooling).
Light Level Control (LUX) Mode (e.g. Low Light Level) (requires -LL option)	Reverse Mode: The DO1/DO2 is switched ON when the light level drops below the Light Level Setpoint - Light Level Digital Output Mode Hysteresis, and switches OFF when the level increases above Setpoint. The control direction is adjustable.
Occupancy (requires -LL option)	The DO1/DO2 is switched ON when the occupancy sensor detects occupancy; the output remains on adjustable time "Occupancy Delay Time Setting" plus approx 10 seconds after occupancy has been detected.
Push Button (requires -PB option)	If -PB option is fitted, it is possible to have the DO1 (or DO2) on for the "Push Button Delay Time" specified in the settings after the pressing of button is detected.

100%

MEASUREMENT OUTPUT

LOOP OUTPUT

**Temperature Measurement Output Scaling and Single Point Calibration** 

The TER measures the room space temperature, and the measurement can be sent to any of the analogue outputs (Y1/Y2/Y3). It is also available over

This output is scaled as default 0% = 0°C and 100% = 50°C). The scaling can be modified through Maximum Temperature Scaling parameter. The output can also be scaled in Fahrenheit units.

Furthermore the temperature

measurement reading can be adjusted on site using the Single Point Calibration field.

Enquiries: T: 0844 840 3100 F: 0844 840 3200

Online store: www.syxthsense.com

Temperature Scaling Low Value

25

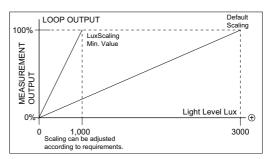
Temperature °C

Scaling can be adjusted according to requirements.

(<del>+</del>)

Light Level Measurement Output Scaling; Only when -LL Option Fitted The TER sensors fitted with -LL option measure the light level. The light level (LUX) reading is available over the Modbus network, and the measurement can be sent to any of the analogue outputs (Y1/Y2/Y3).

This output is scaled as default 0% = 0 LUX and 100% = 3,000 LUX). The scaling can be modified through Maximum LUX Scaling parameter.

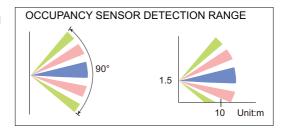


The humidity control loop can also be configured to operate as Proportional + Integral control by changing the Integral Action Time from 0 to a required value.

ENERGY SAVING FEATURE: When the LL option is combined with the SPB (Setpoint by buttons) option, it is possible to configure the control setpoint to automatically switch to setback/boost value when the room space is not occupied.

Occupancy Sensor (-LL Option)

The LL option offers a low power Passive Infrared Motion sensor with 21mm Fresnel lens designed for HVAC ventilation and lighting control applications. The sensor detects human body within its detection range. The LL sensor employs a dual element pyroelectric infrared sensor with advanced electronics circuitry.

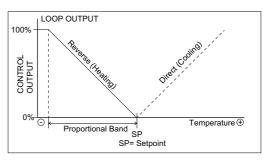


Temperature Control Loop Operation

### Proportional or PI Control (Reverse/ Direct)

The temperature measurement can also be used for the temperature control. The calculated control demand is then send to the output Y1, Y2 or Y3 (depending on the corresponding analogue output mode selection).

The temperature control loop output corresponds to the temperature setpoint and the temperature proportional band. If configured as Reverse Control (heating), then if the temperature level drops below the setpoint the loop output starts to



modulate to 100%. When the temperature is the amount of the Proportional Band below the setpoint the loop output is 100%. In the Direct Control mode the output modulates in reverse. The configuration is done via the configuration parameters (or over Modbus).

The temperature control loop can also be configured to operate as Proportional + Integral control by changing the Integral Action Time from 0 to a required value.

It is possible apply the Boost function to the control loop to override the output to 100% (see Boost Function for more details).

**Boost Function** 

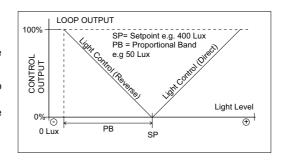
It is possible to boost/override any of the control outputs to 100%. This can be achieved via a push button on the device (PB-option) or via a digital input. If the Push Button is used then the control output is boosted to 100% for the amount of Push Button Delay Time. When the boost is active the Blue Push Button backlight is lit. When the digital input the output is boosted to 100% when the input is closed. When the digital input is opened the output remains 100% for the time set in the parameter Digital Input Off Delay.

Light Level (LUX) Control Loop Operation; Only when -LL Option Fitted

### **Proportional Control (Reverse/ Direct)**

The LUX measurement can also be used for the light control. The calculated control demand is sent to the output Y1, Y2 or Y3 (depending on the corresponding analogue output mode selection).

The light control loop output corresponds to the light level setpoint and the light control proportional band. If configured as Reverse Control, then if the light level drops below the setpoint the loop output starts to modulate to 100%. When the light level is the amount of the Proportional Band below



Online store: www.syxthsense.com

Copyright © 2015 SyxthSense Ltd. All rights reserved - 12/2015

the setpoint the loop output is 100%. In the Direct Control mode the output modulates in reverse. The configuration is done via the configuration parameters (or over Modbus).

The LUX control loop can also be configured to operate as Proportional + Integral control by changing the Integral Action Time from 0 to a required value.

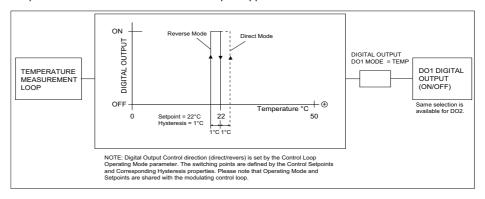
It is possible apply the Boost function to the control loop to override the output to 100% (see Boost Function for more details).

#### **Unoccupied Setpoint**

If the sensor has been configured for control, then it is possible to set the control setpoint to a different setting during the unoccupied periods (controlled by the occupancy sensor). Great feature for energy savings.

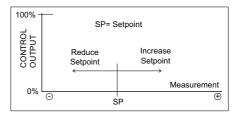
#### Digital Output DO1/DO2 Control Modes

The digital outputs DO1/DO2 can be configured to work in temperature or LUX control modes. In these modes the corresponding digital output is switched ON/OFF based on the corresponding Setpoint property and the corresponding hysteresis. The direction of the operation is also adjustable through Control Loop Operating Mode Parameter. The diagram below illustrates the operation for Temperature Control Mode. The same concept is applicable for the LUX control mode.



Active Setpoint
Potentiometer (-SP option)
or Setpoint with Push
Buttons (-SPB option)

With setpoint options it is possible to adjust the current control setpoint. The setpoint potentiometer (knob) option provides rotary knob for the setpoint whereas the SPB option provides two push buttons for setpoint. The adjustment shifts the CO2, temperature, humidity or LUX setpoint up or down depending on the configuration parameter settings. The setpoint can also



be made only to be available as a network parameter (no influence to control). In this case the value displayed is between the minimum and the maximum settings (e.g -5.0 to +5.0).

When SPB option is used, by writing the setpoint over the network resets the user adjustments to 0 if the "Reset SPA on SP Change" property is enabled (default). If "Reset SPA on SP Change" is disabled, then writing the setpoint over the network will not reset the user adjustment. In this case "Reset SPA" network variable can be used to reset the user adjustment to zero. Enabling "Save SPA" option will store the user adjustment to the non-volatile memory.

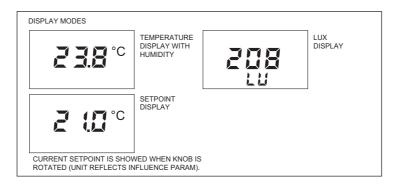
#### Note: SPB option requires also -LCD option to be selected/fitted.

It is also possible to send the setpoint potentiometer position (-SP option) to an analogue output as 0..10V signal.

# Display (Requires Option -LCD)

The LCD display shows the temperature and LUX readings. These readings can be rotated. The setpoint is also displayed when adjusted (-SP option). The display has white backlight which is as default switched off. The backlight can be switched on and its intensity can be adjusted via the configuration tool.

Online store: www.syxthsense.com
Enguiries: T: 0844 840 3100 F: 0844 840 3200



Note: The backlight is permanently on if activated. At 50% intensity the backlight lifetime is approx 10,000 hours. After this time the LCD module needs replacing if the backlight is required. The display continues to operate without the backlight.

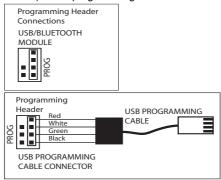
# Alarm Indication with -LCD Option

The sensor can configured to monitor the temperature or light levels for alarms. The alarm condition is displayed using the backlight colours of the LCD. If the measurement exceeds the amber alarm limit then the amber backlight is switched ON. If the measurement exceeds the red alarm limit, the red backlight is switched ON. At normal condition no backlight is ON (can be configured to be white backlight in normal mode - note the maximum life of 10,000 hours of the backlight). The alarm mode has an adjustable hysteresis to prevent the backlight flickering and all alarm limits are adjustable.

# Configuration Parameters and Programming

The parameter options can be configured using the SCT Sensor Configuration Tool software; or via the Modbus network).

If the SCT Configuration software is used, this is connected via the PC USB cable (or via Bluetooth module) to the programming header of the transmitter as shown on the image below.



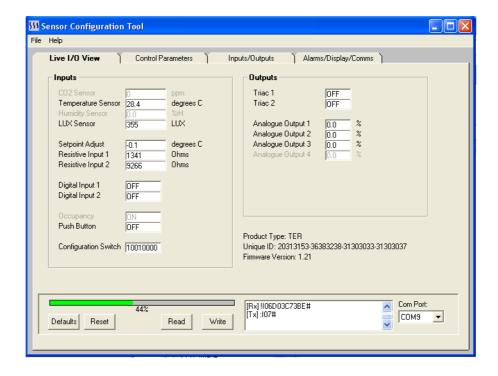
The correct process for connecting the sensor via the USB is as follows:-

- Disconnect USB Connector from PC
- Disconnect the Sensor from Power
- Plug-In the 4-Way Connector to the Sensor
- Connect the USB to the PC
- Power Up the Sensor

NOTE: Always disconnect USB from PC before plugging the cable into the sensor.

Enquiries: T: 0844 840 3100 F: 0844 840 3200

Online store: www.syxthsense.com



Common Parameters		
Parameter Name	Description	
Defaults	Reloads the default configuration from the sensor non-volatile memory. <b>Note: All modified settings are lost.</b>	
Reset	Performs soft reset of the sensor. Apply after major changes.	
Read	Reads the sensor data.	
Write	Writes the new settings to the sensor (automatically stored in the non-volatile memory)	
COM Port	Select the COM port for the USB Cable or Bluetooth. USB cable driver must be installed in order the Serial to TTL connection to operate.	

Live IO-View		
Parameter Name	Description	Range
INPUTS		
Temperature Sensor	Temperature Sensor Reading	050°C (32122°F)
LUX Sensor	LUX Sensor Reading	03,000 LUX
Setpoint Adjust	Setpoint Adjuster Reading	-500+500
Resistive Input 1	Resistive Input 1 Reading	050kOhms
Resistive Input 2	Resistive Input 2 Reading	050kOhms
Digital Input 1	Digital Input 1 Status	Off - On
Digital Input 2	Digital Input 2 Status	Off - On
Occupancy	Occupancy Status	Off - On
Push Button	Push Button Status	Off - On
Configuration Switch	Bit Switch Status for Each Switch	00000000 - 11111111
OUTPUTS		
Triac 1	Digital Output 1	Off - On
Triac 2	Digital Output 2	Off - On
Analogue Output 1	Analogue Output 1	0100%
Analogue Output 2	Analogue Output 2	0100%
Analogue Output 3	Analogue Output 3	0100%

Online store: www.syxthsense.com
Enquiries: T: 0844 840 3100 F: 0844 840 3200

Parameter Name	Description	Range
TEMPERATURE		
Temperature Loop Operating Mode	Direction of the temperature control loop.	0 = Reverse Control (Heating) 1 = Direct Control (Cooling)
Temperature Control Setpoint	Temperature Setpoint	0.0150.0°C/°F (Default 20°C)
Temperature Proportional Band	Temperature Proportional Band	1.0150.0°C/°F (Default 50°C)
Temperature Control Integral Action	Integral Action time of the temperature control loop. Set to 0 to disable.	010,000 seconds (Default 0s)
Temperature Digital Output Mode Hysteresis	Hysteresis for the digital output temperature control function.	0.1150.0°C/°F (Default 2°C)
Temperature Loop Boost Input	Boosts the Control Output to 100%	Select Push Button 1/2 or Digita Input 1/2.
HUMIDITY (Not Applicable)		
CO2 (Not Applicable)		
LUX	-	
Lux Loop Operating Mode	Direction of the LUX control loop.	0 = Reverse Control 1 = Direct Control
Lux Control Setpoint	LUX Setpoint	03,000 Lux (Default 400 Lux)
LUX Proportional Band	LUX Proportional Band	13,000 Lux (Default 400 Lux)
LUX Control Integral Action	Integral Action time of the LUX control loop. Set to 0 to disable.	010,000 seconds (Default 0s)
LUX Digital Output Mode Hysteresis	Hysteresis for the digital output LUX control function.	13,000 Lux (Default 100 Lux)
LUX Loop Boost Input	Boosts the Control Output to 100%	Select Push Button 1/2 or Digita Input 1/2.
SETPOINT ADJUST		
Setpoint Adjuster Minimum Value	Sets the minimum value for the setpoint (setpoint turned fully anti clockwise)	-5000 (Default -3.0)
Setpoint Adjuster Maximum Value	Sets the maximum value for the setpoint (setpoint turned fully clockwise)	0500 (Default 3.0)
Setpoint Value Influence to Control Setpoint	Setpoint Value Influence to Control Setpoint	0 = No Influence 1 = CO2 Control (not applicable 2 = Temperature 3 = Humidity (not applicable) 4 = Lux
Unoccupied SPA	Changes the control setpoint to the set value when the space is unoccupied (requires -LL option)	0500 (Default 0.0)
Save SPA	Saves User Setpoint (Setpoint Adjustment) changes to non-volatile after changes have been completed.	0 = Disabled (Default) 1 = Enabled
Reset SPA on SP Change	Resets the User Setpoint Adjustment (SPA), when the setpoint is written over the network.	0 = Disabled 1 = Enabled (Default)

Inputs / Outputs		
Parameter Name	Description	Range
SENSOR INPUTS		
Temperature Offset	One Point Temperature Calibration Field	-3.0+3.0°C/°K (Default 0°C)
Temperature AO Scale	Analogue Output Maximum Temperature Scaling	0.1150.0°C/°F (Default 50°C)
LUX AO Scale	Analogue Output Maximum Lux Scaling	10003,000 Lux (Default 3,000 Lux)
Occupancy Off Delay	Delay Time Setting for Occupancy	17200 Seconds (Default 600s)
Push Button Off Delay	Delay Time Setting for Push Button	17200 Seconds (Default 600s)
DI1 Off Delay	Delay Time Setting for Digital Input 1	07200 Seconds (Default 0s)
DI2 Off Delay	Delay Time Setting for Digital Input 2	07200 Seconds (Default 0s)

### OUTPUTS

Online store: www.syxthsense.com
Enquiries: T: 0844 840 3100 F: 0844 840 3200

Parameter Name	Description	Range
AO1 (Y1)	Analogue Output Y1 Mode	0 = Network Value 1 = CO2 (not applicable) 2 = Temperature Measurement 3 = Humidity (not applicable) 4 = Light Measurement (LUX) 5 = CO2 Control (not applicable) 6 = Temperature Control 7 = Humidity Cont (not applicable) 8 = Light Control (LUX) 9 = Maximum (not applicable) 10 = Potentiometer
AO2 (Y2)	Analogue Output Y2 Mode	0 = Network Value 1 = CO2 (not applicable) 2 = Temperature Measurement 3 = Humidity (not applicable) 4 = Light Measurement (LUX) 5 = CO2 Control (not applicable) 6 = Temperature Control 7 = Humidity Cont (not applicable) 8 = Light Control (LUX) 9 = Maximum (not applicable) 10 = Potentiometer
AO3 (Y3)	Analogue Output Y3 Mode	0 = Network Value 1 = CO2 (not applicable) 2 = Temperature Measurement 3 = Humidity (not applicable) 4 = Light Measurement (LUX) 5 = CO2 Control (not applicable) 6 = Temperature Control 7 = Humidity Cont (not applicable) 8 = Light Control (LUX) 9 = Maximum (not applicable) 10 = Potentiometer
DO1	Digital Output 1 Mode	0 = Network Value (Default) 1 = CO2 Relay (not applicable) 2 = Temperature Relay 3 = Humidity Relay (not applicable 4 = Light Relay (LUX) 5 = Occupancy Relay 6 = Push Button
DO2	Digital Output 2 Mode	0 = Network Value (Default) 1 = CO2 Relay (not applicable) 2 = Temperature Relay 3 = Humidity Relay (not applicable 4 = Light Relay (LUX) 5 = Occupancy Relay 6 = Push Button

Alarm/Display/Comms		
Parameter Name	Description	Range
ALARMS		
Alarm Source	Alarm LED Mode	0 = Not Applicable (CO2) 1 = Temperature 2 = Not Applicable (Humidity) 3 = LUX 4 = None
Alarm Amber Threshold	Amber Alarm LED Switching Point	05000 (Default 750)
Alarm Red Threshold	Red Alarm LED Switching Point	05000 (Default 1250)
Alarm Hysteresis	Alarm LED Hysteresis	05000 (Default 50)
DISPLAY		
Temperature Units	Temperature Unit Selection	0 = Celsius 1 = Fahrenheit
Display Mode	Display Mode	0 = Rotate Installed 1 = CO2 Only (not applicable) 2 = Temperature Only 3 = LUX Only 4 = Setpoint Only

Alarm/Display/Comms			
Parameter Name	Description	Range	
LCD brightness	Brightness of the LCD	Off - 10% to 100%	
COMMS			
Modbus Baud Rate NOTE: Does not show Modbus Baud Rate set via bit switches.	Modbus Baud Rate (can only be set if BR1 and BR2 are in OFF position)	0 = 9600 (Default) 1 = 19200 2 = 38400 3 = 57600	
Modbus Parity	Modbus Parity	0 = None (Default) 1 = Odd 2 = Even	
Stop Bits	Stop Bits	0 = 1 Stop Bit (Default) 1 = 2 Stop Bits	
Address NOTE: Does not show Modbus address set via bit switches.	Modbus Address (can only be set if all address bit switches are in OFF position)	0247 (Default 1)	

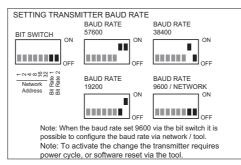
#### **Parameter Storage**

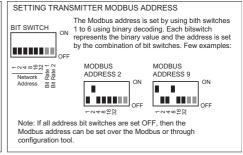
The configuration parameters are stored in the non-volatile memory. The SCT (Sensor Configuration Tool) software will automatically store the register values on the non-volatile permanent memory after the changes are carried out. If the changes are carried out over the Modbus network, then "NonVol Update" flag is required to be forced on to save the changes. The parameter returns automatically to the off state once the values have been stored.

# Setting Up Modbus Address and Baud Rate

The TER-MOD Modbus address and the baud rate is normally set through the bit switch. It is also possible to set the address and baud rate over the configuration tool or over the Modbus communication network

NOTE: The new settings are activated automatically after approx 5 seconds if the bit switch positions have not been moved. In this case the controller reset is applied to activate the new settings.





## Modbus Registers - TER-MOD

The TER-MOD transmitter supports the following Modbus registers and function codes. The default communication speed is 9600 bps, 8 data bits, Parity None and 1 Stop Bit. The default Modbus Slave address is 0. The device Parity can be changed between Odd, None and Even. The baud rate is selectable between 9600, 19200, 38400 and 57600 bps. The baud rate speeds can be selected using the built-in bit switch, or over the network if BR1 and BR2 are set to OFF. The sensor addresses 1 to 63 can be set using the local bit switch, and over the Modbus the adjustable address range is 1 to 247.

Please note that Modbus register space is specified from the Modbus master perspective as in the Modbus Application Protocol specification. The Modbus registers for Function Codes 02, 03, 06 and 16 have presentation for both Modbus "address blocks" and for actual Modbus register offsets. For example, the Temperature is read from Modbus register 1 using Function Code 04. Some Modbus masters will require Function Code 04, register 1 to be entered, whereas the others will require register 30001 and Function Code 04. The Modbus addressing starts from the zero Base address. (Some Modbus masters start addressing from 1, in this case add one to the listed register values).

Register	Parameter Description	Data Type	Raw Data	Range
	FUNCTION CODE 01 - READ COILS FUNCTION CODE 05 - WRITE SINGLE COI FUNCTION CODE 15 - WRITE MULTIPLE C	=		
0	Digital Output 1 Override (Network Write)		01	Off - On
1	Digital Output 2 Override (Network Write)		01	Off - On
7	Reset SPA - Setpoint Adjustment (Network Write)		01	Off - On
FUNCTION CODE 02 - READ DISCRETE INPUTS				
1000 <b>0</b>	Digital Input 1 Status		01	Off - On

Online store: www.syxthsense.com

Register	Parameter Description	Data Type	Raw Data	Range
1000 <b>1</b>	Digital Input 2 Status		01	Off - On
1000 <b>2</b>	Digital Output 1 Status		01	Off - On
1000 <b>3</b>	Digital Output 2 Status		01	Off - On
1000 <b>4</b>	Occupancy Status (Switch Off Delayed "Delay Time Setting" amount in seconds)		01	Off - On
1000 <b>5</b>	Push Button 1 Status (Switch Off Delayed "Delay Time Setting" amount in seconds)		01	Off - On
1000 <b>6</b>	Push Button 2 Status (Switch Off Delayed "Delay Time Setting" amount in seconds)		01	Off - On
	FUNCTION CODE 04 - READ INPUT REGIS	STERS		
3000 <b>1</b>	Temperature Measurement	Signed 16	0500 3201220	0.050.0°C (32.0122.0°F)
3000 <b>3</b>	Light Level Measurement	Unsigned 16	010000	03000 Lux
3000 <b>4</b>	Resistive Input 1 (NTC10 default)	Unsigned 16	050000	050000 Ohms
3000 <b>5</b>	Resistive Input 2 (NTC10 default)	Unsigned 16	050000	050000 Ohms
3000 <b>6</b>	Current Calculated Setpoint (°C / LUX) or Current Setpoint Adjustment (none option)	Signed 16	-32,767+32,76 7	-3,276+-3,276 Act Setpoint or LowHigh Value
30007	Analogue Output Y1	Unsigned 16	01000	0100.0 %
3000 <b>8</b>	Analogue Output Y2	Unsigned 16	01000	0100.0 %
3000 <b>9</b>	Analogue Output Y3	Unsigned 16	01000	0100.0 %
30010	Analogue Output Y4	Unsigned 16	01000	0100.0 %
30011	Alarm Status	Unsigned 16	13	1 = Normal State 2 = Amber Alarm State 3 = Red Alarm State
300 <b>12</b>	NTC10 Input 1 (RI1 in NTC mode; default)	Signed 16	-4003020	-40.0302.0 °F -40.0150.0 °C
300 <b>13</b>	NTC10 Input 2 (RI2 in NTC mode; default)	Signed 16	-4003020	-40.0302.0 °F -40.0150.0 °C
30 <b>100</b>	Firmware Version	Unsigned 16	n/a	n/a
	FUNCTION CODE 03 - READ HOLDING RE FUNCTION CODE 06 - WRITE SINGLE HO FUNCTION CODE 16 - WRITE MULTIPLE H	LDING REGISTER IOLDING REGISTEI	1	
4000 <b>0</b>	Analogue Output Y1 Override Value	Unsigned 16	01000	010.0 V Default 0
4000 <b>1</b>	Analogue Output Y2 Override Value	Unsigned 16	01000	010.0 V Default 0
4000 <b>2</b>	Analogue Output Y3 Override Value	Unsigned 16	01000	010.0 V Default 0
4000 <b>4</b>	Analogue Output Y1 Mode	Unsigned 16	05	0 = Network Value 1 = Not Applicable 2 = Temperature Measuremen 3 = Not Applicable 4 = Light Measurement 5 = Not Applicable 6 = Temperature Control 7 = Not Applicable 8 = Light Control 9 = Not Applicable 10 = Potentiometer

Register	Parameter Description	Data Type	Raw Data	Range
4000 <b>5</b>	Analogue Output Y2 Mode	Unsigned 16	05	0 = Network Value 1 = Not Applicable 2 = Temperature Measurement 3 = Not Applicable 4 = Light Measurement 5 = Not Applicable 6 = Temperature Control 7 = Not Applicable 8 = Light Control 9 = Not Applicable 10 = Potentiometer
4000 <b>6</b>	Analogue Output Y3 Mode	Unsigned 16	05	0 = Network Value 1 = Not Applicable 2 = Temperature Measurement 3 = Not Applicable 4 = Light Measurement 5 = Not Applicable 6 = Temperature Control 7 = Not Applicable 8 = Light Control 9 = Not Applicable 10 = Potentiometer
4000 <b>8</b>	Digital Output 1 Mode	Unsigned 16	06	0 = Network Value (Default) 1 = Not Applicable 2 = Temperature Relay 3 = Not Applicable 4 = Light Relay 5 = Occupancy Relay 6 = Push Button 1
4000 <b>9</b>	Digital Output 2 Mode	Unsigned 16	06	0 = Network Value (Default) 1 = Not Applicable 2 = Temperature Relay 3 = Not Applicable 4 = Light Relay 5 = Occupancy Relay 6 = Push Button1 7 = Push Button 2
400 <b>15</b>	Temperature Control Setpoint	Unsigned 16	01500	0.0150.0°C/°F (Default 20°C)
400 <b>16</b>	Temperature Proportional Band	Unsigned 16	11500	0.1150.0°C/°F (Default 50°C)
400 <b>17</b>	Temperature Control Integral Action	Unsigned 16	010,000	010,000 seconds
400 <b>18</b>	Temperature Loop Operating Mode	Unsigned 16	01	0 = Reverse Control (Heating) 1 = Direct Control (Cooling)
400 <b>19</b>	Temperature Digital Output Mode Hysteresis	Unsigned 16	11500	0.1150.0°C/°F (Default 2°C)
400 <b>25</b>	Lux Control Setpoint	Unsigned 16	03000	03,000 Lux (Default 400 Lux)
400 <b>26</b>	LUX Proportional Band	Unsigned 16	13000	13,000 Lux (Default 400 Lux)
400 <b>27</b>	LUX Control Integral Action	Unsigned 16	010,000	010,000 seconds
400 <b>28</b>	Lux Loop Operating Mode	Unsigned 16	01	0 = Reverse Control 1 = Direct Control
400 <b>29</b>	LUX Digital Output Mode Hysteresis	Unsigned 16	13000	13,000 Lux (Default 100 Lux)
400 <b>30</b>	Amber Alarm LED Switching Point	Unsigned 16	05000	05000 (Default 750)
400 <b>31</b>	Red Alarm LED Switching Point	Unsigned 16	05000	05000 (Default 1250)
400 <b>32</b>	Alarm LED Hysteresis	Unsigned 16	05000	05000 (Default 50)

Register	Parameter Description	Data Type	Raw Data	Range
400 <b>33</b>	Alarm LED Mode	Unsigned 16	03	0 = Not Applicable 1 = Temperature 2 = Not Applicable 3 = LUX 4 = None
400 <b>34</b>	Delay Time Setting for Occupancy	Unsigned 16	17200	17200 Seconds
400 <b>35</b>	Delay Time Setting for Push Button	Unsigned 16	17200	17200 Seconds
400 <b>36</b>	Setpoint Adjuster / Potentiometer Low Position	Signed 16	-50000	-5000.0 (-3.0) Default
400 <b>37</b>	Setpoint Adjuster / Potentiometer High Position	Unsigned 16	05000	0+500.0 (3.0) Default
400 <b>38</b>	Setpoint Value Influence to Control Setpoint	Unsigned 16	04	<ul><li>0 = No Influence</li><li>1 = Not Applicable</li><li>2 = Temperature</li><li>3 = Not Applicable</li><li>4 = Lux</li></ul>
400 <b>39</b>	Temperature Unit Selection	Unsigned 16	01	0 = Celsius 1 = Fahrenheit
400 <b>41</b>	Display Mode	Unsigned 16	03	0 = Rotate Installed 1 = CO2 Only (not applicable) 2 = Temperature Only 3 = LUX Only
400 <b>43</b>	Analogue Output Maximum Temperature Scaling	Unsigned 16	11500	0.1150.0°C/°F (Default 50°C)
400 <b>45</b>	Analogue Output Maximum Lux Scaling	Unsigned 16	10003000	10003,000 Lux (Default 3,000 Lux)
400 <b>47</b>	One Point Temperature Calibration Field	Signed 16	-30+30	-3.0+3.0°C/°K (Default 0°C)
400 <b>50</b>	Modbus Address	Unsigned 16	0247 See Note 1	0247 (Default 1)
400 <b>51</b>	Modbus Baud Rate	Unsigned 16	03 See Note 2	0 = 9600 (Default) 1 = 19200 2 = 38400 3 = 57600
400 <b>52</b>	Modbus Parity	Unsigned 16	02	0 = None (Default) 1 = Odd 2 = Even
400 <b>53</b>	Stop Bits	Unsigned 16	01	0 = 1 Stop Bit (Default) 1 = 2 Stop Bits
400 <b>67</b>	Hold On Delay Setting for Digital Input 1	Unsigned 16	17200	17200 Seconds
400 <b>68</b>	Hold On Delay Setting for Digital Input 2	Unsigned 16	17200	17200 Seconds
400 <b>70</b>	RI1 Single Point Calibration	Signed 16	-10,00010,000	-1,0001,000 °C, °F or Ohms
400 <b>71</b>	RI2 Single Point Calibration	Signed 16	-10,00010,000	-1,0001,000 °C, °F or Ohms
400 <b>72</b>	DI1 Pulse Count Most Significant 16 Bits	Unsigned 16	065280	065280
400 <b>73</b>	DI1 Pulse Count Least Significant 16 Bits	Unsigned 16	065535	0655350
400 <b>74</b>	DI2 Pulse Count Most Significant 16 Bits	Unsigned 16	065280	065280
400 <b>75</b>	DI2 Pulse Count Least Significant 16 Bits	Unsigned 16	065535	0655350
400 <b>80</b>	LCD Backlight Level	Unsigned 16	010	010
400 <b>81</b>	Reset SPA on Setpoint Change	Unsigned 16	01	0 = Disabled, 1 = Enabled (Default)
400 <b>82</b>	Save SPA (user adjustment on exit)	Unsigned 16	01	0 = Disabled (Default), 1 = Enabled
40 <b>100</b>	Force Reset	Unsigned 16	01	0 = Normal 1 = Force Reset
40 <b>101</b>	Non Volatile Memory Update	Unsigned 16	01 Note 3	0 = Normal 1 = Update
40 <b>103</b>	Force Factory Defaults	Unsigned 16	01	0 = Normal 1 = Force Defaults

Register	Parameter Description	Data Type	Raw Data	Range
40 <b>104</b>	Force 010V Output Calibration Routine	Unsigned 16	01	0 = Normal
				1 = Force Calibration

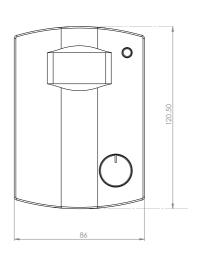
Note 1. Modbus address can be configured via network/tool only if the bit switches 1-6 are switched off. Please note if changed over the Modbus, the Non Volatile Memory Updated parameter MUST BE exercised before power cycle or reset.

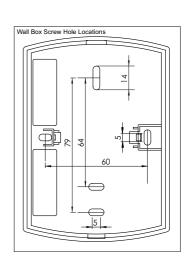
Note 2. Modbus Baud Rate can be configured over the Modbus if bit switches 7 & 8 are in off state (9600). Please note if changed over the Modbus, the Non Volatile Memory Updated parameter MUST BE exercised before power cycle or reset.

Note 3. When the settings are changed over the communication bus, the changes for the configuration parameters are not stored in the non-volatile memory automatically. In order to store the changes "Non Volatile Memory Update" is required to be set true. If Sensor Configuration Tool is used, the tool will automatically force non-volatile data update.

#### **Dimensions**







Online store: www.syxthsense.com
Enquiries: T: 0844 840 3100 F: 0844 840 3200